Algebra 2	Name		ID: 1
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3-30 Test Review 2		Date	Period

Determine if the sequence is arithmetic. If it is, find the common difference, the term named in the problem, and the three terms in the sequence after the last one given.

 1) 1, 4, 9, 16, ...
 2) -14, 6, 26, 46, ...

 Find a_{36} Find a_{33}

Given the first term and the common difference of an arithmetic sequence find the term named in the problem and the three terms in the sequence after the last one given.

3) $a_1 = 23$, d = 6Find a_{30} 4) $a_1 = -4$, d = -8Find a_{39}

Given the recursive formula for an arithmetic sequence find the first five terms and the term named in the problem.

5) $a_n = a_{n-1} - 30$	6) $a_n = a_{n-1} - 200$
$a_1 = 32$	$a_1 = -16$
Find a_{25}	Find a_{25}

Determine if the sequence is geometric. If it is, find the common ratio and the 8th term.

7) 1, 4, 16, 64, ... 8) -2, 4, -8, 16, ...

Given the recursive formula for a geometric sequence find the common ratio, the first five terms, and the 8th term.

9)
$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 4$$

 $a_1 = 1$
10) $a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 6$
 $a_1 = 1$

Given the first term and the common ratio of a geometric sequence find the 8th term and the three terms in the sequence after the last one given.

11) $a_1 = 4, r = 3$ 12) $a_1 = -4, r = -2$

Evaluate each arithmetic series described.

13)
$$(-17) + (-22) + (-27) + (-32)..., n = 12$$

14) $4 + 9 + 14 + 19..., n = 15$

15)
$$a_1 = 24, d = 7, n = 20$$

16) $a_1 = 14, d = 8, n = 15$

17)
$$\sum_{m=1}^{25} (3m+5)$$
 18) $\sum_{i=1}^{12} (6i-14)$

Evaluate each geometric series described.

19)
$$-4 + 20 - 100 + 500..., n = 6$$
 20) $2 - 12 + 72 - 432..., n = 7$

21)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{7} -2 \cdot (-2)^{n-1}$$
 22) $\sum_{m=1}^{10} 3^{m-1}$

Determine if each geometric series converges or diverges.

23) 4 + 16 + 64 + 256...24) $6 + 2 + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{9}...$

Evaluate each infinite geometric series described.

25)
$$3 + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{8}$$
...
26) $3.9 + 1.56 + 0.624 + 0.2496$...

27)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -0.7 \cdot 0.9^{n-1}$$
 28) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} -6 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{k-1}$

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Determine if the sequence is arithmetic. If it is, find the common difference, the term named in the problem, and the three terms in the sequence after the last one given.

 1) 1, 4, 9, 16, ...
 2) -14, 6, 26, 46, ...
 Common Difference: d = 20

 Find a_{36} Find a_{33} Next 3 terms: 66, 86, 106

 Not arithmetic
 $a_{33} = 626$

Given the first term and the common difference of an arithmetic sequence find the term named in the problem and the three terms in the sequence after the last one given.

3) $a_1 = 23, d = 6$	4) $a_1 = -4, \ d = -8$
Find a_{30}	Find a_{39}
Next 3 terms: 29, 35, 41	Next 3 terms: -12, -20, -28
$a_{30} = 197$	$a_{39} = -308$

Given the recursive formula for an arithmetic sequence find the first five terms and the term named in the problem.

5) $a_n = a_{n-1} - 30$ $a_1 = 32$ Find a_{25} First Five Terms: 32, 2, -28, -58, -88 $a_{25} = -688$ 6) $a_n = a_{n-1} - 200$ $a_1 = -16$ Find a_{25} First Five Terms: -16, -216, -416, -616, -816 $a_{25} = -4816$

Determine if the sequence is geometric. If it is, find the common ratio and the 8th term.

7) 1, 4, 16, 64,	8) -2, 4, -8, 16,
Common Ratio: $r = 4$	Common Ratio: $r = -2$
$a_8 = 16384$	$a_8 = 256$

Given the recursive formula for a geometric sequence find the common ratio, the first five terms, and the 8th term.

9) $a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 4$ Common Ratio: r = 4 $a_1 = 1$ $a_8 = 16384$ 10) $a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 6$ Common Ratio: r = 6First Five Terms: 1, 4, 16, 64, 256 $a_1 = 1$ $a_8 = 279936$ 10) $a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 6$ Common Ratio: r = 6First Five Terms: 1, 6, 36, 216, 1296 $a_8 = 279936$

Given the first term and the common ratio of a geometric sequence find the 8th term and the three terms in the sequence after the last one given.

11) $a_1 = 4, r = 3$ Next 3 terms: 12, 36, 108 $a_8 = 8748$ 2 015 Kuta Soft ware LLC. All rights reserved. Made with Infinite Algebra 2. Evaluate each arithmetic series described.

13)
$$(-17) + (-22) + (-27) + (-32)..., n = 12$$

-534

15)
$$a_1 = 24, \ d = 7, \ n = 20$$

1810

17)
$$\sum_{m=1}^{25} (3m+5)$$

1100

14) 4 + 9 + 14 + 19..., n = 15

16) $a_1 = 14, \ d = 8, \ n = 15$ 1050

18)
$$\sum_{i=1}^{12} (6i - 14)$$

300

Evaluate each geometric series described.

19) -4 + 20 - 100 + 500..., n = 620) 2 - 12 + 72 - 432..., n = 71041679982

21)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{7} -2 \cdot (-2)^{n-1}$$

-86
22) $\sum_{m=1}^{10} 3^{m-1}$
29524

Determine if each geometric series converges or diverges.

23) 4 + 16 + 64 + 256...Diverges 24) $6 + 2 + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{9}...$ Converges

Evaluate each infinite geometric series described.

25)
$$3 + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{8}$$
...
6
26) $3.9 + 1.56 + 0.624 + 0.2496$...
6.5

27)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -0.7 \cdot 0.9^{n-1}$$

-7
 $-\frac{15}{2}$
28) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} -6 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{k-1}$

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